



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

MATHEMATICS

Paper 6 Probability & Statistics 1 (S1)

9709/61 May/June 2013 1 hour 15 minutes

Additional Materials:

Answer Booklet/Paper Graph Paper List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

Questions carrying smaller numbers of marks are printed earlier in the paper, and questions carrying larger numbers of marks later in the paper.

This document consists of 3 printed pages and 1 blank page.





1 A summary of 30 values of *x* gave the following information:

$$\Sigma(x-c) = 234, \qquad \Sigma(x-c)^2 = 1957.5,$$

where c is a constant.

- (i) Find the standard deviation of these values of *x*. [2]
- (ii) Given that the mean of these values is 86, find the value of c. [2]
- 2 Assume that, for a randomly chosen person, their next birthday is equally likely to occur on any day of the week, independently of any other person's birthday. Find the probability that, out of 350 randomly chosen people, at least 47 will have their next birthday on a Monday. [5]
- **3** The following back-to-back stem-and-leaf diagram shows the annual salaries of a group of 39 females and 39 males.

	Females									Males											
(4)						5	2	0	0	20	3										(1)
(9)	9	8	8	7	6	4	0	0	0	21	0	0	7								(3)
(8)		8	7	5	3	3	1	0	0	22	0	0	4	5	6	6					(6)
(6)				6	4	2	1	0	0	23	0	0	2	3	3	5	6	7	7		(9)
(6)				7	5	4	0	0	0	24	0	1	1	2	5	5	6	8	8	9	(10)
(4)						9	5	0	0	25	3	4	5	7	7	8	9				(7)
(2)								5	0	26	0	4	6								(3)

Key: 2 20 3 means \$20 200 for females and \$20 300 for males.

(i) Find the median and the quartiles of the females' salaries. [2]

You are given that the median salary of the males is \$24,000, the lower quartile is \$22,600 and the upper quartile is \$25,300.

- (ii) Represent the data by means of a pair of box-and-whisker plots in a single diagram on graph paper. [3]
- 4 (a) The random variable *Y* is normally distributed with positive mean μ and standard deviation $\frac{1}{2}\mu$. Find the probability that a randomly chosen value of *Y* is negative. [3]
 - (b) The weights of bags of rice are normally distributed with mean 2.04 kg and standard deviation σ kg. In a random sample of 8000 such bags, 253 weighed over 2.1 kg. Find the value of σ . [4]



5 Fiona uses her calculator to produce 12 random integers between 7 and 21 inclusive. The random variable *X* is the number of these 12 integers which are multiples of 5.

(i)	State the distribution of X and give its parameters	[3]	
(I)	State the distribution of X and give its parameters.	1.51	1

(ii) Calculate the probability that *X* is between 3 and 5 inclusive. [3]

Fiona now produces *n* random integers between 7 and 21 inclusive.

- (iii) Find the least possible value of *n* if the probability that none of these integers is a multiple of 5 is less than 0.01.
- 6 Four families go to a theme park together. Mr and Mrs Lin take their 2 children. Mr O'Connor takes his 2 children. Mr and Mrs Ahmed take their 3 children. Mrs Burton takes her son. The 14 people all have to go through a turnstile one at a time to enter the theme park.
 - (i) In how many different orders can the 14 people go through the turnstile if each family stays together? [3]
 - (ii) In how many different orders can the 8 children and 6 adults go through the turnstile if no two adults go consecutively? [3]

Once inside the theme park, the children go on the roller-coaster. Each roller-coaster car holds 3 people.

- (iii) In how many different ways can the 8 children be divided into two groups of 3 and one group of 2 to go on the roller-coaster? [3]
- 7 Box *A* contains 8 white balls and 2 yellow balls. Box *B* contains 5 white balls and *x* yellow balls. A ball is chosen at random from box *A* and placed in box *B*. A ball is then chosen at random from box *B*. The tree diagram below shows the possibilities for the colours of the balls chosen.



- (i) Justify the probability $\frac{x}{x+6}$ on the tree diagram. [1]
- (ii) Copy and complete the tree diagram.
- (iii) If the ball chosen from box A is white then the probability that the ball chosen from box B is also white is $\frac{1}{3}$. Show that the value of x is 12. [2]
- (iv) Given that the ball chosen from box B is yellow, find the conditional probability that the ball chosen from box A was yellow. [4]

[4]



BLANK PAGE

4

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.