

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME			
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
				0500/44
	MATHEMATICS			0580/41
	Paper 4 (Extended)		May	/June 2013
			2 hours 3	30 minutes
	Candidates answer on	the Question Paper.		
	Additional Materials:	Electronic calculator Tracing paper (optional)	Geometrical instruments	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.Write in dark blue or black pen.You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.



(a) One day, Maria took 27 minutes to walk 1.8 km to school. Examiner's She left home at 0748. (i) Write down the time Maria arrived at school. (ii) Show that Maria's average walking speed was 4 km/h. Answer(a)(ii) [2] (b) Another day, Maria cycled the 1.8 km to school at an average speed of 15 km/h. (i) Calculate the percentage increase that 15 km/h is on Maria's walking speed of 4 km/h. *Answer(b)*(i)% [3] (ii) Calculate the percentage decrease that Maria's cycling time is on her walking time of 27 minutes.

Answer(b)(ii)% [3]

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(iii) After school, Maria cycled to her friend's home. This took 9 minutes, which was 36% of the time Maria takes to walk to her friend's home.

Calculate the time Maria takes to walk to her friend's home.

Answer(b)(iii) min [2]

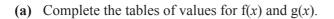
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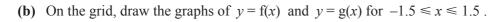
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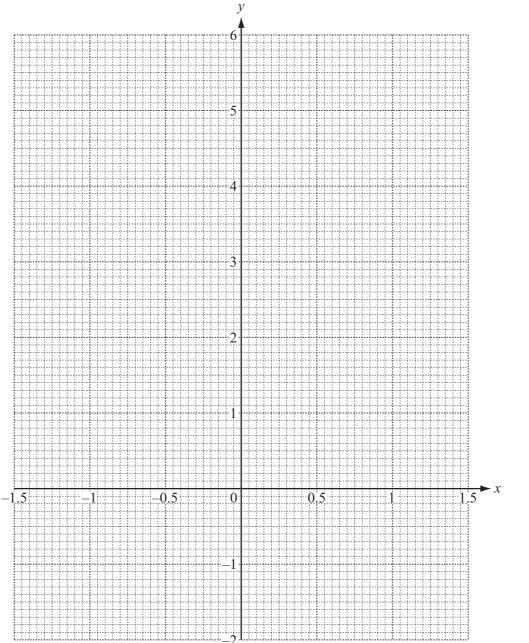
Use

$$f(x) = 3 - x - x^2$$
 $g(x) = 3^x$

-1.5 -1 -0.5 0 0.5 1.5 1 x 2.25 3 3.25 2.25 1 -0.75f(x)-1.5 -0.5 0 0.5 1 1.5 -1 x 0.19 0.58 3 1.73 5.20 g(x)







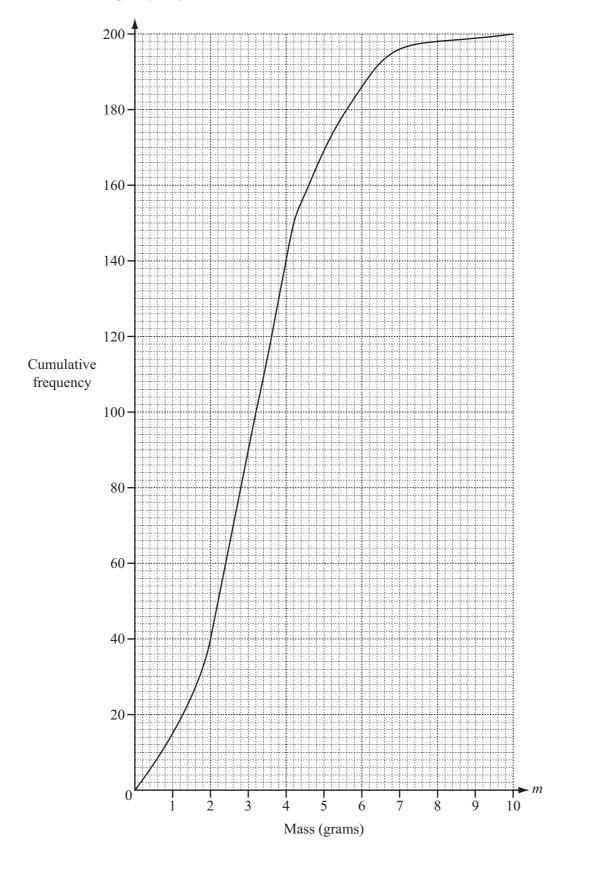
[3]



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(c) For $-1.5 \le x \le 1.5$, use your graphs to solve (i) $f(x) = 0$,	For Examiner's Use
(ii) $g(x) = 4$, [1]	
(iii) $f(x) = g(x)$. [1]	
$Answer(c)(iii) x = \dots [1]$	
(d) By drawing a suitable tangent, find an estimate of the gradient of the graph of $y = f(x)$ when $x = 0.5$.	
<i>Answer(d)</i> [3]	

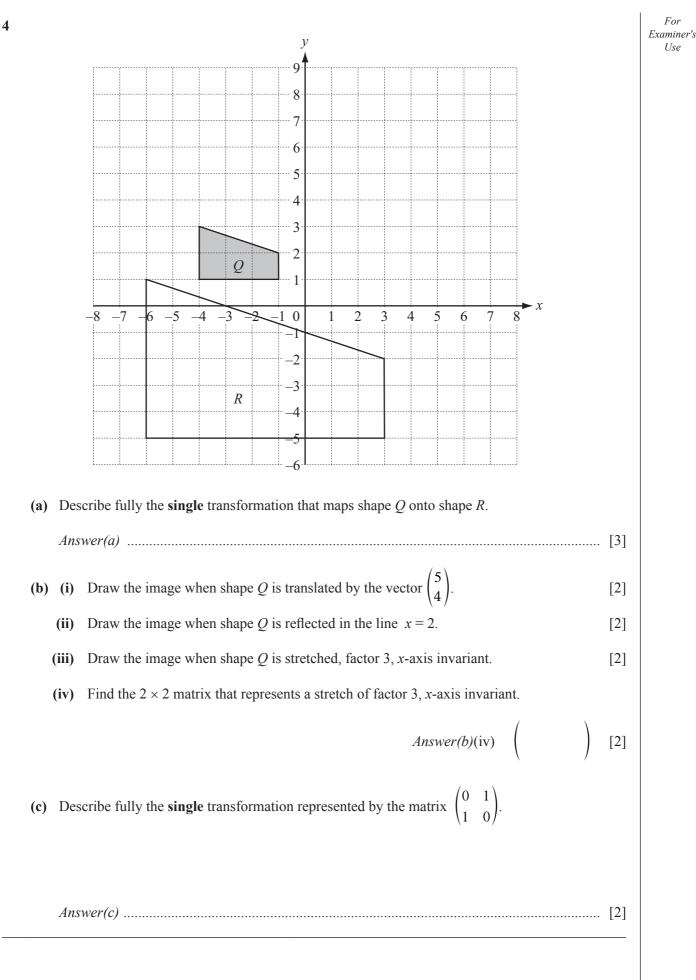


3 200 students estimate the mass (*m* grams) of a coin. The cumulative frequency diagram shows the results. For

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		For Examiner's
$165 < h \le 180$	$180 < h \le 190$	Use

10

18

 $160 < h \le 165$

9

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<u> </u>	

C

Height $(h \, \mathrm{cm})$

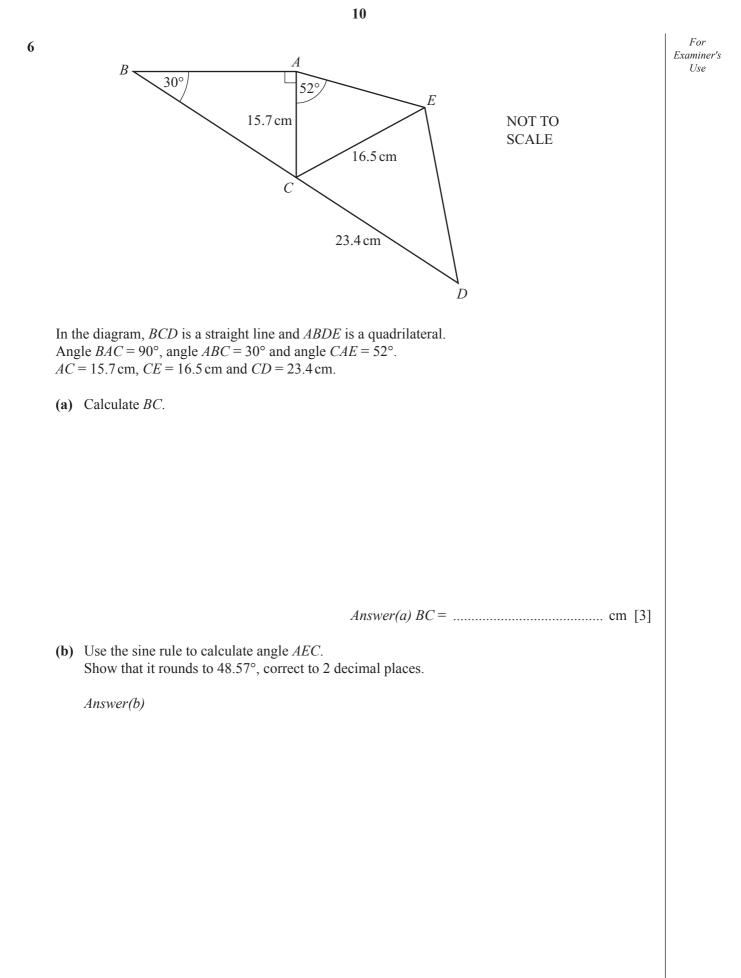
Frequency

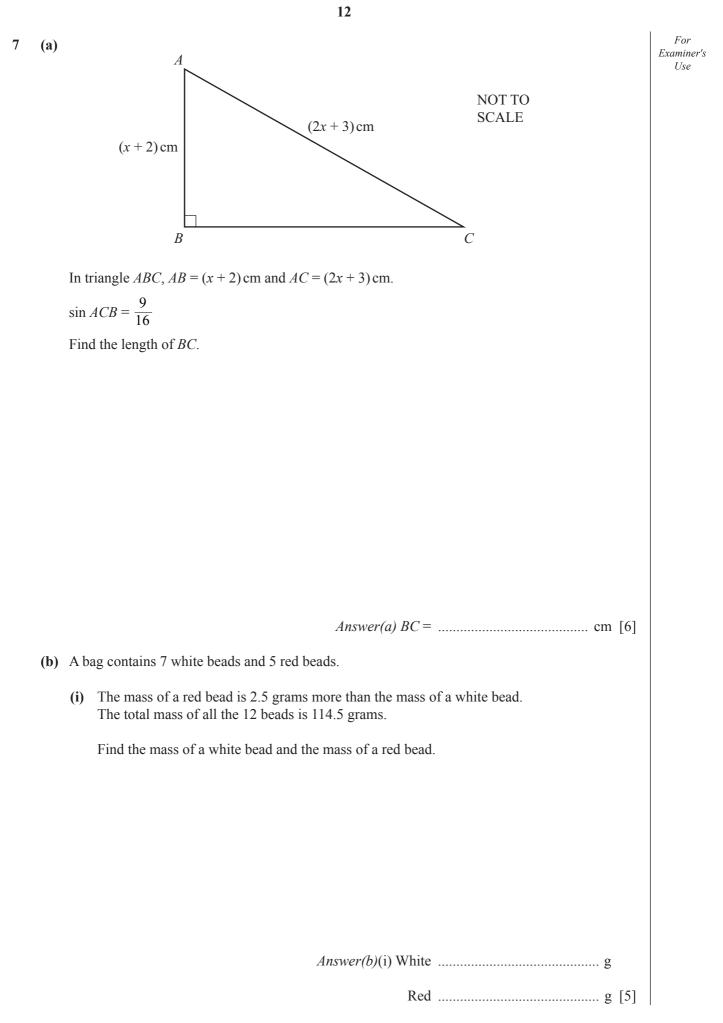
 $150 < h \le 160$

5

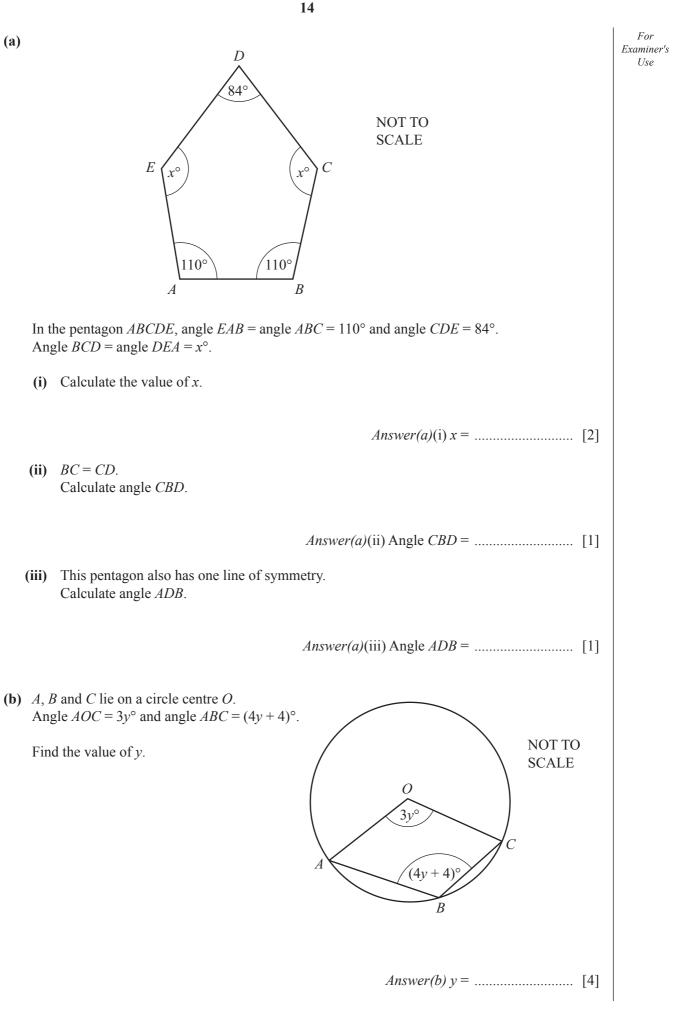
The table shows information about the heights of a group of 42 students.

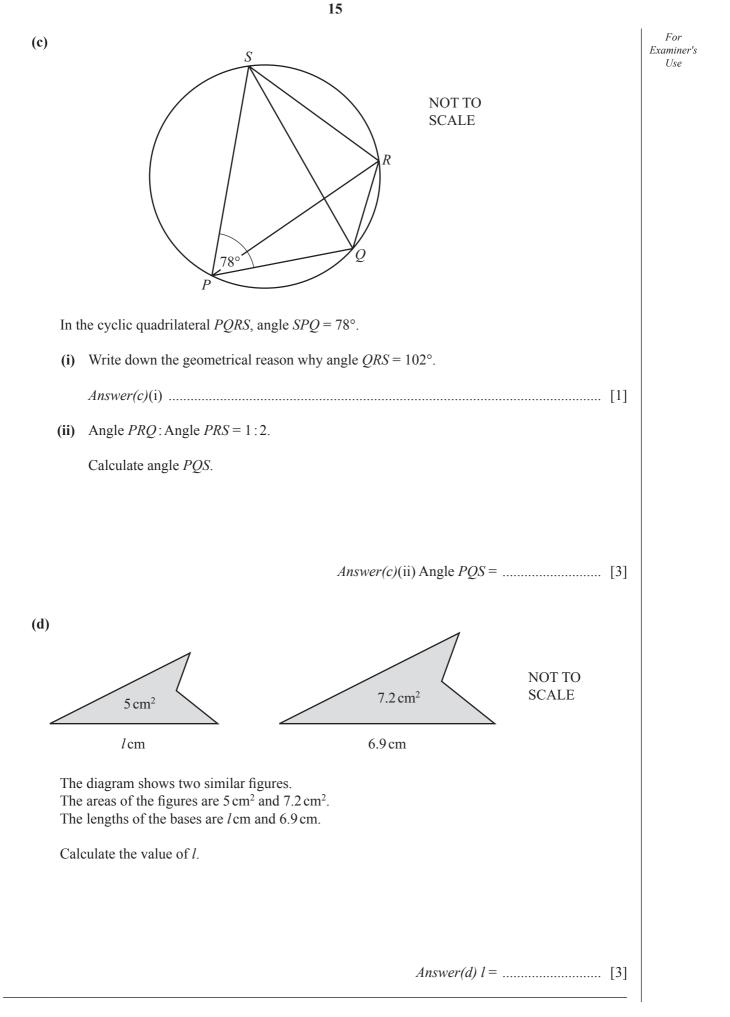
	id-interval values, calculate an estimate of the mean height of the students. our working.
	Answer(a) cm [3]
(b) Write do	wn the interval which contains the lower quartile.
	<i>Answer(b)</i>
	e the histogram to show the information in the table. Imm has already been drawn for you.
Frequ dens	
	0 - 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 Height (cm) [4]
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(ii)	Two	b beads are taken out of the bag at random, without replacement.	For Examiner's
	Fin	d the probability that	Use
	(a)	they are both white,	
		<i>Answer(b)</i> (ii)(a)[2]	
	(b)	one is white and one is red.	
		$4\pi m m m h(ii)(h)$ [2]	
		<i>Answer(b)</i> (ii)(b)	





 $f(x) = x^2 + x - 3$ g(x) = 2x + 7 $h(x) = 2^x$

(a) Solve the equation f(x) = 0. Show all your working and give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

(b) $fg(x) = px^2 + qx + r$

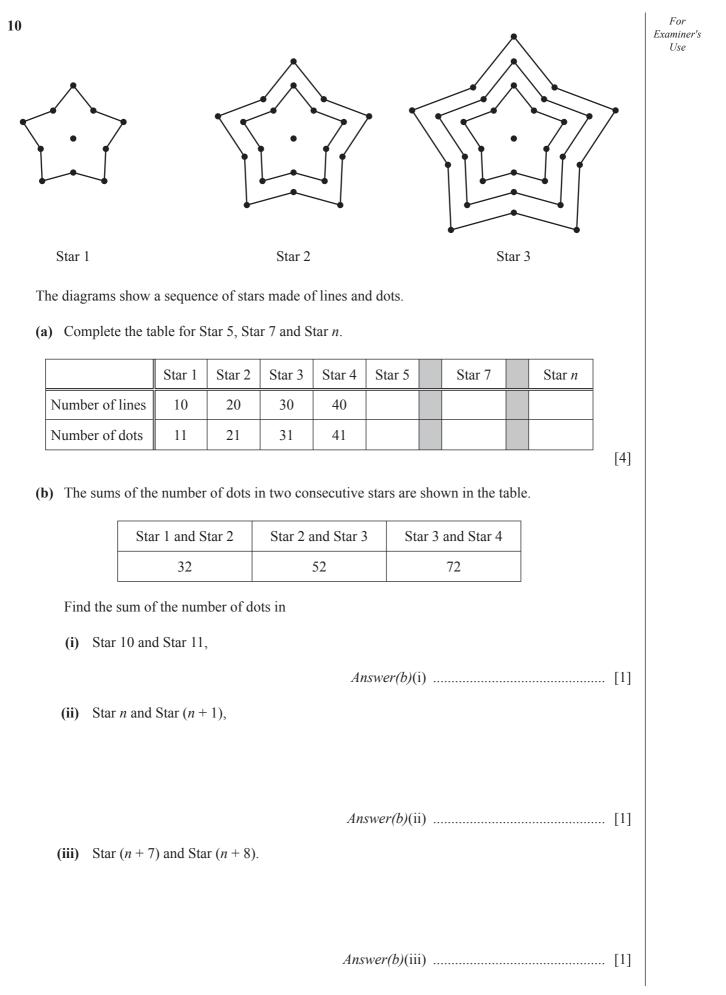
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Find the values of p, q and r.

 $Answer(b) p = \dots$ $q = \dots$

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(c)	Find $g^{-1}(x)$.	For Examiner's
		Use
	Answer(c) $g^{-1}(x) =$	
(d)	Find x when $h(x) = 0.25$.	
()		
	$Answer(d) x = \dots \qquad [1]$	
(e)	Find hhh(3).	
(0)	Give your answer in standard form, correct to 4 significant figures.	
	<i>Answer(e)</i>	



- (c) The total number of dots in the first *n* stars is given by the expression $5n^2 + 6n$.
 - (i) Show that this expression is correct when n = 3.

Answer(c)(i)

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(ii) Find the total number of dots in the first 10 stars.

(d) The total number of dots in the first *n* stars is $5n^2 + 6n$. The number of dots in the (n + 1)th star is 10(n + 1) + 1.

Add these two expressions to show that the total number of dots in the first (n + 1) stars is

$$5(n+1)^2 + 6(n+1)$$
.

You must show each step of your working.

Answer(d)

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