HISTORY

Paper 4 Depth Study

October/November 2018

1 hour 30 minutes

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

This paper contains five sections:
Depth Study 1: Europe of the Dictators, 1918–1941
Depth Study 2: The History of the USA, 1945–1990
Depth Study 5: Southeast Asian History, 1945–1990s

Answer two questions from one section.

The marks are given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question.
Depth Study 1: Europe of the Dictators, 1918–1941

Answer any two questions.

1 To what extent had the New Economic Policy solved Russia’s economic problems by 1924? [30]

2 How far do you agree that Mussolini achieved little of significance after 1924? [30]

3 How far did Stalin’s social policies benefit women? [30]

4 ‘Hitler’s control over Germany was based largely on popular support.’ How far do you agree? [30]

Depth Study 2: The History of the USA, 1945–1990

Answer any two questions.

5 Assess the impact of increasing economic prosperity on the USA in the 1950s. [30]

6 How great was the impact of the feminist movement of the 1960s on US government policies? [30]

7 Assess the domestic record of the Reagan presidency. [30]

8 How important was George Kennan to the development of the strategy of containment? [30]

Answer any two questions.

9 Compare and contrast the strategies used by Presidents Johnson and Nixon in their handling of the Vietnam War. [30]

10 To what extent was the rise of neo-conservatism in the USA responsible for the onset of the ‘Second Cold War’? [30]

11 ‘His achievements far outweighed his mistakes.’ How far do you agree with this assessment of Mao Zedong? [30]


Answer any two questions.

13 Why was the struggle for independence in Africa after 1945 more violent in some colonies than others? [30]

14 Assess the importance of the influence of the USSR on post-independence Africa. [30]

15 How far did independence bring about social change in Africa? Answer with reference to any one country you have studied. [30]

16 Which of these leaders was more significant in developing greater African unity: Nkrumah or Haile Selassie? [30]
Depth Study 5: Southeast Asian History, 1945–1990s

Answer any two questions.

17 Assess the impact of Japanese political concessions in Southeast Asia after 1942. [30]

18 How much did the legacy of colonial rule affect the political development of Myanmar/Burma after 1948? [30]


20 Assess the reasons why some Southeast Asian countries became ‘Tiger economies’ while others did not. [30]