



Cambridge Assessment International Education
Cambridge Ordinary Level

CHEMISTRY

5070/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2019

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)



READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

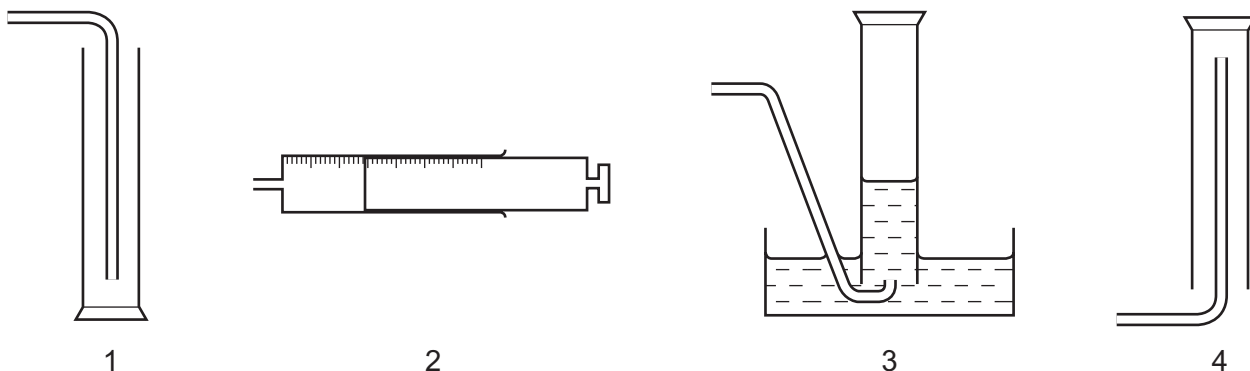
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of **14** printed pages and **2** blank pages.



- 1 The diagrams show four different methods of collecting gases.



Which method is suitable for collecting a gas which has the properties described?

	method for collecting gas	properties of gas
A	1	less dense than air and soluble in water
B	2	denser than air and soluble in water
C	3	less dense than air and soluble in water
D	4	denser than air and insoluble in water

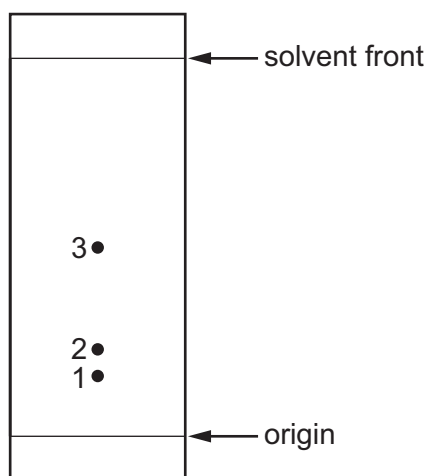
- 2 After acidification with dilute nitric acid, a colourless solution of **X** reacts with aqueous silver nitrate to give a white precipitate.

What could **X** be?

- A** calcium iodide
- B** copper(II) chloride
- C** lead(II) iodide
- D** sodium chloride

- 3 The diagram represents a chromatogram of the colourless acids present in a drink. The chromatogram has been treated with a locating agent.

A table of R_f values for the possible acids is given.



acid	R_f value
tartaric	0.14
citric	0.16
malic	0.23
lactic	0.45
succinic	0.50

Which acids are present in the drink?

- A** citric acid, malic acid and lactic acid
B citric acid, malic acid and succinic acid
C malic acid, lactic acid and succinic acid
D tartaric acid, citric acid and malic acid
- 4 Which gas will diffuse at the fastest rate at the same temperature and pressure?
- A** Ar **B** C_3H_8 **C** CO_2 **D** F_2
- 5 Two particles, K^+ and Ar, can be written as ${}^{39}_{19}K^+$ and ${}^{40}_{18}Ar$.

Which statement about these particles is correct?

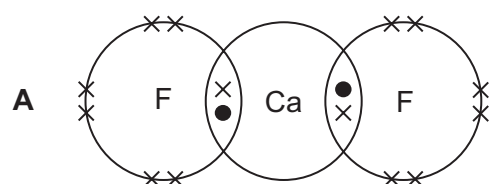
- A** Ar has more neutrons than K^+ .
B K has more nucleons than Ar.
C K^+ has 20 electrons.
D K^+ has a greater mass than Ar.

- 6 A mineral deposit is found to contain small grains made entirely of the element carbon.

Which property will **definitely** be true of the grains of carbon?

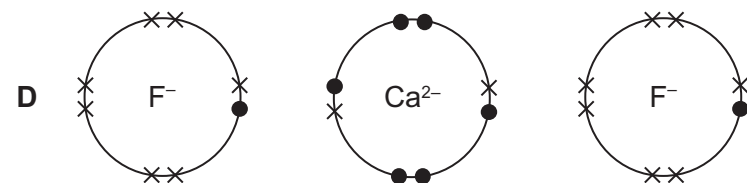
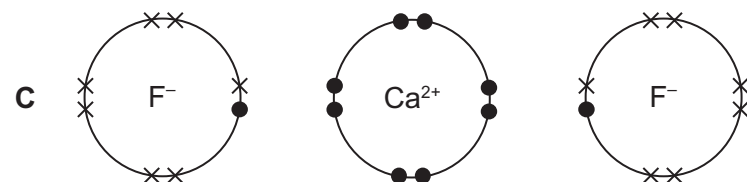
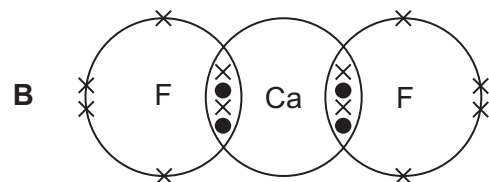
- A They will be made of atoms arranged in layers.
- B They will be soft.
- C They will burn to give carbon dioxide.
- D They will conduct electricity.

- 7 Which diagram shows the outer electron arrangement in calcium fluoride?



key

- an electron from calcium
- × an electron from fluorine



- 8 How many shared pairs of electrons are there in one carbon dioxide molecule?

- A 2
- B 4
- C 8
- D 12

9 Two statements about metals are given.

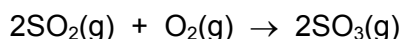
- 1 Metals contain a lattice of negative ions in a 'sea of electrons'.
- 2 The electrical conductivity of metals is related to the mobility of the electrons in the structure.

Which is correct?

- A** Both statements are correct and statement 1 explains statement 2.
B Both statements are correct but statement 1 does not explain statement 2.
C Statement 1 is correct and statement 2 is incorrect.
D Statement 2 is correct and statement 1 is incorrect.
- 10 Powdered calcium carbonate reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid to produce calcium chloride, water and carbon dioxide.

What is the correct ionic equation, including state symbols, for this reaction?

- A** $\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s}) + 2\text{HCl}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{CaCl}_2(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$
B $\text{Ca}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Ca}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$
C $\text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$
D $\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s}) + 2\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Ca}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$
- 11 Which mass of carbon contains the same number of atoms as 16.0 g of sulfur?
- A** 0.5 g **B** 6.0 g **C** 8.0 g **D** 12.0 g
- 12 3.0 dm^3 of sulfur dioxide is reacted with 2.0 dm^3 of oxygen.



Assuming the reaction goes to completion and that all gases are at room temperature and pressure, which volume of sulfur trioxide is formed?

- A** 2.0 dm^3 **B** 3.0 dm^3 **C** 4.0 dm^3 **D** 5.0 dm^3
- 13 A sample of magnesium hydroxide, $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$, is made by adding an excess of aqueous sodium hydroxide to an aqueous solution containing 1.20 g magnesium sulfate, MgSO_4 .

The mass of magnesium hydroxide formed is 0.26 g.

What is the percentage yield of magnesium hydroxide?

- A** 10.5% **B** 21.7% **C** 44.8% **D** 61.9%

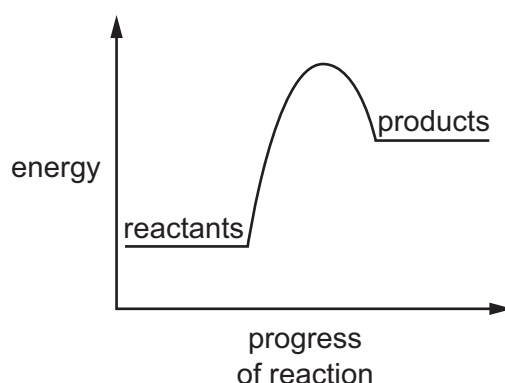
- 14 When concentrated aqueous sodium chloride is electrolysed using inert electrodes, which product is formed at the cathode and which product is formed at the anode?

	cathode product	anode product
A	hydrogen	chlorine
B	hydrogen	oxygen
C	sodium	chlorine
D	sodium	oxygen

- 15 Which negative ions are present in aqueous copper(II) sulfate?

- A** copper(II) ions and hydrogen ions
B copper(II) ions only
C sulfate ions and hydroxide ions
D sulfate ions only

- 16 The diagram shows the energy profile of a chemical reaction.



Which row is correct?

	the reaction that is endothermic	the reaction with greater activation energy
A	backward reaction	backward reaction
B	backward reaction	forward reaction
C	forward reaction	backward reaction
D	forward reaction	forward reaction

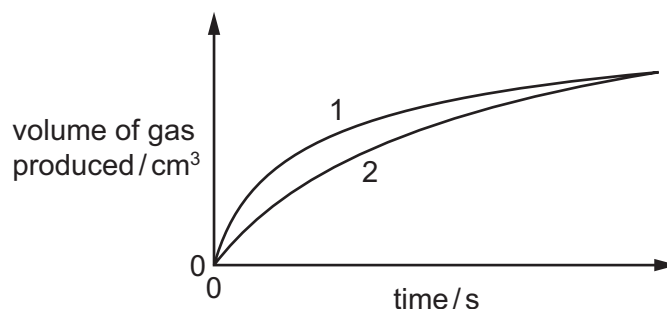
- 17 The table shows the energy released by the complete combustion of some compounds.

compound	formula	M_r	ΔH in kJ/mol
benzene	C_6H_6	78	-3270
heptane	C_7H_{16}	100	-4800
octane	C_8H_{18}	114	-5510
propane	C_3H_8	44	-2200

Which compound releases the least energy when 1 g is completely burned?

- A** benzene
B heptane
C octane
D propane
- 18 An experiment is carried out to measure the rate of reaction between magnesium and dilute hydrochloric acid under two different conditions. The mass of magnesium and the number of moles of hydrochloric acid are the same in both experiments.

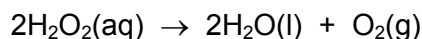
Graphs of the results are shown.



Which statements could explain the difference between graph 1 and graph 2?

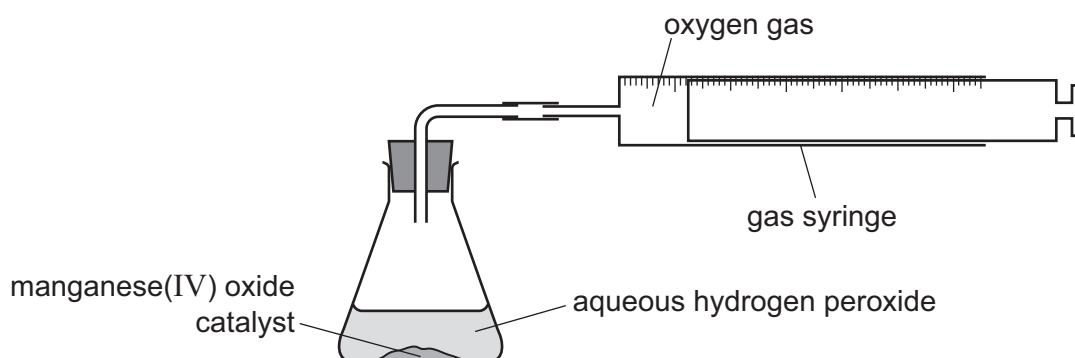
- 1 Graph 1 results are obtained at a higher temperature.
2 Graph 1 results are obtained by using hydrochloric acid that is more concentrated.
3 Graph 1 results are obtained using smaller pieces of magnesium.
- A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only

- 19** Hydrogen peroxide decomposes slowly at room temperature.



The reaction can be catalysed by adding manganese(IV) oxide.

The diagram shows the apparatus that can be used to monitor the rate of this reaction.



Which statement is correct when a catalyst is added to the aqueous hydrogen peroxide?

- A** The catalyst increases the activation energy for the reaction.
 - B** The catalyst is used up during the reaction.
 - C** The gas syringe fills up more quickly when the catalyst is added.
 - D** The total amount of oxygen produced increases when the catalyst is added.
- 20** Reduction can be defined in terms of the gain or loss of oxygen or of hydrogen or of electrons.

Which row correctly describes all three definitions of reduction?

	oxygen	hydrogen	electrons
A	gain	loss	loss
B	gain	loss	gain
C	loss	loss	loss
D	loss	gain	gain

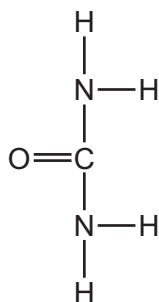
- 21** Why is ethanoic acid described as a weak acid?

- A** It is an organic acid.
- B** It is a poor conductor of electricity.
- C** It is only slightly dissociated in water.
- D** It reacts only with very reactive metals.

22 What is the best method to prepare a sample of silver chloride?

- A Add silver nitrate to chlorine.
- B Add silver to hydrochloric acid.
- C Burn silver in chlorine.
- D Mix aqueous solutions of silver nitrate and sodium chloride.

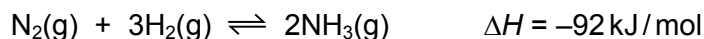
23 The nitrogenous fertiliser urea has the structure shown.



Which percentage, by mass, of nitrogen does it contain?

- A 23.3 B 25.0 C 43.8 D 46.7

24 Ammonia is manufactured by the Haber process.



For this reaction, which rows give a true statement together with a correct reason?

	statement	reason
1	Nitrogen and hydrogen are mixed in the ratio 1 : 3 by volume.	The formula of ammonia is NH_3 .
2	The pressure used is approximately 200 atmospheres.	A high pressure is needed to produce a good yield of ammonia at equilibrium.
3	The temperature used is approximately 450°C .	A high temperature is needed to produce a good yield of ammonia at equilibrium.
4	Vanadium(V) oxide is used as a catalyst.	A catalyst speeds up the rate of the reaction.

- A 1 and 2 only B 2 and 3 only C 3 and 4 only D 1, 2 and 3 only

25 Which uses for sulfuric acid are correct?

- 1 as a bleach in the manufacture of wood pulp for paper
- 2 as a food preservative in tinned foods
- 3 as a raw material in the manufacture of detergents
- 4 as a fertiliser

A 1 and 3 **B** 2 and 4 **C** 2 only **D** 3 only

26 The atomic number of element X is 12.

What is the formula of the chloride of X?

A X_2Cl **B** XCl **C** XCl_2 **D** XCl_4

27 Which property is common to ^{40}Ca , ^{39}K and ^{23}Na ?

- A** Their atoms all have more neutrons than protons.
- B** Their ions all have eight electrons in their outer shell.
- C** They all sink when added to water.
- D** They are all deposited at the positive electrode when their molten chloride is electrolysed.

28 Which statement about transition elements is correct?

- A** Their soluble salts usually form coloured aqueous solutions.
- B** They are all in the same group of the Periodic Table.
- C** They are non-metals with high melting points.
- D** They can be mixed together to form compounds.

29 Three different elements react by losing electrons. The ions formed all have the electronic configuration 2,8.

Which statement about these elements is correct?

- A** They are in the same group.
- B** They are in the same period.
- C** They are noble gases.
- D** They are transition elements.

- 30** Metal M is displaced from aqueous M nitrate by copper.

Which statement about metal M and its compounds is correct?

- A** M carbonate is stable when heated.
- B** M oxide is reduced to M by heating with carbon.
- C** M reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid to give hydrogen.
- D** M reduces zinc oxide to zinc on heating.

- 31** Which statement about some of the gases present in air is correct?

- A** Dry air contains about 78% of oxygen.
- B** Methane is produced by the incomplete combustion of fossil fuels.
- C** Sulfur dioxide is released by volcanoes.
- D** The noble gases make up about 5% of dry air.

- 32** Which treatment process is used to disinfect water?

- A** adding carbon
- B** chlorination
- C** desalination
- D** filtration

- 33** A molecule of compound Q has three C–C single bonds and ten C–H bonds only. It has no other bonds.

Which statement about compound Q is correct?

- A** It can be polymerised.
- B** It decolourises bromine water.
- C** It has three isomers.
- D** It reacts with chlorine by substitution.

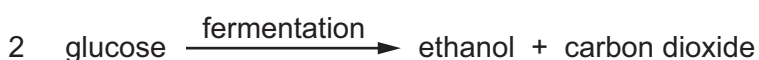
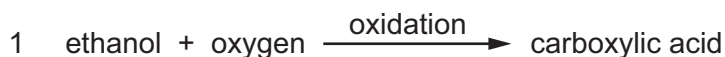
- 34** Which organic compound requires the least number of moles of oxygen for the complete combustion of one mole of the compound?

- A** $\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH}$ **B** $\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{COOH}$ **C** C_3H_8 **D** C_4H_8

35 Which reaction is an addition reaction?

- A making ethane and ethene from butane
- B making ethene and hydrogen from butane
- C the manufacture of margarine from a vegetable oil
- D the reaction between ethene and oxygen, giving carbon dioxide and water

36 Two equations involving ethanol are shown.



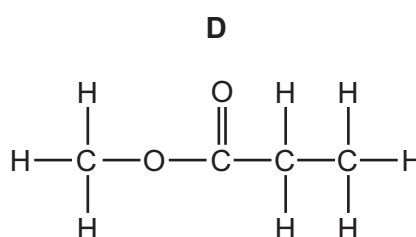
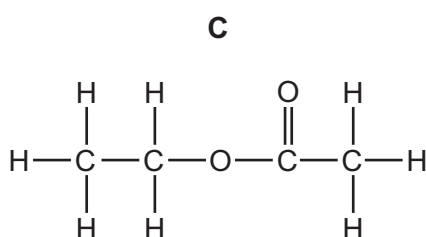
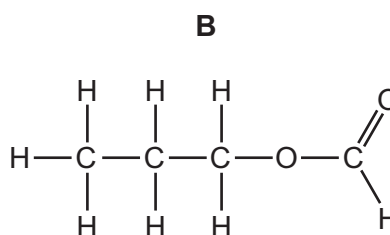
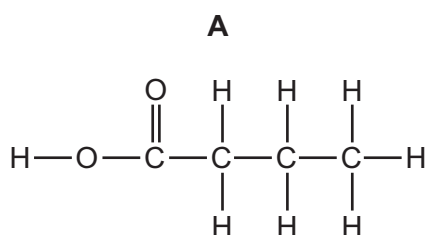
Which row is correct?

	molecular formula of carboxylic acid in 1	a catalyst is needed
A	CH ₃ CO ₂ H	1 only
B	C ₂ H ₅ CO ₂ H	1 only
C	CH ₃ CO ₂ H	2 only
D	C ₂ H ₅ CO ₂ H	2 only

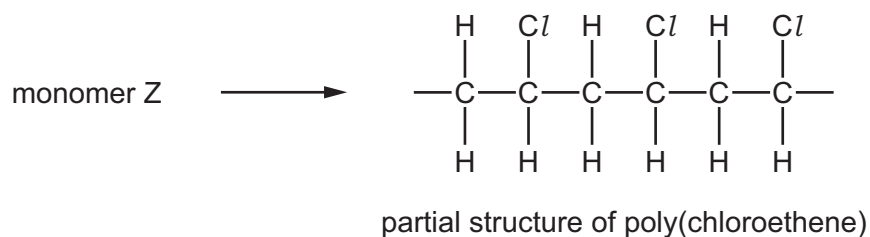
37 What is the empirical formula of ethanoic acid?

- A CH₂O B CH₄O C C₂H₃O D C₂H₄O₂

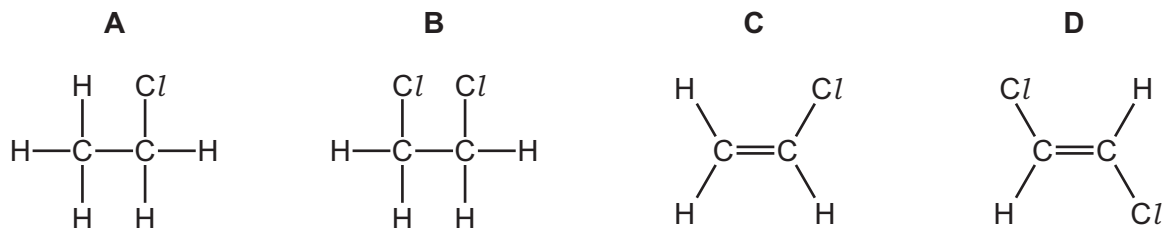
38 Which structure represents propyl methanoate?



39 Monomer Z is used to make poly(chloroethene).



What is monomer Z?



40 *Terylene*, a man-made fibre, is used to make clothing.

Which row correctly describes how *Terylene* is manufactured?

	starting materials	type of polymerisation
A	an acid and an alcohol	addition
B	an acid and an alcohol	condensation
C	an alkene	addition
D	an alkene	condensation

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The Periodic Table of Elements

Group																	
I	II											III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII