

PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTS

7110/22 May/June 2019

Paper 2 Structured MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 120

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Cambridge O Level – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question				Α	nswer				Marks	
1(a)				Steve account						
	Date	Details	\$		Date	Details	\$			
	March				March					
	18	Bank	882	}(1)	1	Balance b/d	900			
		Discount	18	}Both	5	Purchases	730	(1)		
	23	Purchase ret	45	(1)	9	Bank	80	(1)		
	31	Balance c/d	765							
			<u>1710</u>				<u>1710</u>			
					April					
					1	Balance b/d	765	(1)OF		
1(b)	Date	Details				Book of prime (ori	ginal) entry		7 4	
	March 5	Received a	n invoice from S	teve for \$7	<i>.</i> '30	Purc	hases journal (1))		
	9	Received a	refund by chequ	ue from Ste	eve for \$80	(Cash book (1)			
	18		que to Steve for er taking 2% dis		e owing on	(Cash book (1)			
	23	Received a	credit note from	Steve for	\$45	Purchas	es returns journa	ll (1)		
1(c)	Purchases/tra	ade payables ledge	r (1)			·			 1	

Question	٩	nswer		Marks
1(d)	Trial Balan	Mikaela ce at 31 March 2019		
		Debit	Credit	
		\$	\$	
	Revenue	Ψ	9900	
	Purchases	5 500	0.000	
	Inventory	1 750		
	Sales returns	150 (1)		
	Carriage inwards	600		
	Trade receivables	1 750		
	Discount received	1750	200 (1)	
	Purchases returns		150	
	Trade payables		1 300 (1)	
	Non-current assets (book value)	4 000	1500 (1)	
	Bank overdraft	4 000	1 150	
	6% bank loan		1 500	
	Capital		4 750	
	•	2 500	4750	
	Drawings	3 300		
	General expenses	3 300	600 (1)	
	Suspense account (1)	40.550	<u>600</u> (1)	
		19 550	19 550	
	Same totals	(1)OF		
1(e)	Some errors do not affect the balancing of the trial balance (1)	because there is a del	bit entry and a credit entry of equal value.	
	Other errors will not have completed the double entry with the trial balance totals. (1)	entries of equal value a	nd this error will show in a difference in	
	Accept other valid answers.			

Question	Answer	Marks
1(f)	Principle (1) Commission (1) Reversal (1) Compensating (1) Original entry (1) Omission (1) Max 2	2

Question					A 19 91 1/9 1			Maria
					Answer			Mark
2(a)		account to be debited		\$	account to	b be credited	\$	
		Bank		240 (1)	Aiden		240 (1)	
		Bad debts		360 (1)	Aiden		360(1)	
2(b)	Proof of a Provide f Financial Help to re Provide a	the locating of errors. arithmetical accuracy of the igures for total trade receiva statements drafted quickly educe fraud. a summary of transactions v other valid points Max 2 valid points	ables and because	total trade of balance	e payables. es from control a			
2(c)		occur when a business sel						
2(d)				Sales I	edger control a	ccount		
_(-)	Date April	Details	\$		•	Details	\$	
	1	Balance b/d	2 250	• •	1	Balance b/d	60(1	
	30	Sales	3 315		30	Bank	1 930 (1	
		Bank (Refund)		(1)		Sales returns	75 (1	-
		Bank (Dis'un'd	40	(1)		Bad debt	360 (1	l)
		Cheque)	5 665		30	Balance c/d	<u>3 240</u>	
	Mari		<u>5 665</u>				<u>5 665</u>	
	May							

			Answer			Marks
						
						3
Date	Details	\$		Details	\$	
			2018			
			1 May	Balance b/d	120	
2019			2019			
30 April	Balance c/d	162 (1)	30 April	Income stat'nt	42 (1)OF	
·			•		162	
			1 Mav	Balance b/d	162 (1)OF	
	Date 2019 30 April	2019	Date Details \$	Date Details \$ Date 2018 1 May 2019 2019 2019 30 April Balance c/d 162 (1) 30 April	Date Details Provision for doubtful debts account Date Details 2018 1 May Balance b/d 2019 30 April Balance c/d 162 (1) 30 April Income stat'nt 162	Date Details 2019 30 April Balance c/d 162 (1) 30 April Income stat'nt 42 (1)OF 162 Provision for doubtful debts account Date Details \$ 2018 1 May Balance b/d 120 2019 100 Jack 100 Ja

Question		Answer		Marks
3(a)		Workings	Answer	6
	Rate of turnover of inventory	$\frac{77000}{(40000 + 30000) / 2}$ (1)	2.2 times (1)	
	Working capital ratio (current ratio)	$\frac{30000+60000}{75000+25000}$ (1)	0.9:1 (1)	
	Quick ratio (acid test ratio)	$\frac{60000}{75000+25000}\frac{1}{1}$	0.6:1 (1)	
3(b)	Trade payables are high and not covered b	e both below the benchmarks for good liquidity in a by expected receipts from trade receivables and the raft and therefore limited ability to pay trade payable	bank balance. (1)	2
	Max 2 Accept other valid points. Own figure ru	le applies.		

Question		Answer		Marks
3(c)		Workings	Answer \$	8
	Inventory	$30\ 000 + 115\ 000 - 120\ 000\ (1)^*$ *120\ 000\ workings = 180\ 000 \times \frac{2}{3}	25 000 (1)	
	Trade receivables	60 000 + 180 000 – 200 000 – 5 000 (1) two elements correct	35 000 (1)	
	Trade payables	75 000 + 115 000 – 135 000 (1) two elements correct	55 000 (1)	
	Bank	(25 000) + 200 000 – 135 000 – 50 000 (1) three elements correct	(10 000) (1)	
3(d)	The cash discount offered to the month. (1) There are now more funds has reduced by \$20 000, \$ The inventory levels have of controlled. (1) Although the aim of a positi and moving towards a posi	decreased (1) by \$5000 (1) from \$30 000 to \$25 000 than t ive bank balance at the end of the month has not been me	it the risk of disruption of supply. (1) It he start of the month showing that it is et (1) the balance is much improved	
	Max 4 Own figure rule applies.			

Question	A	Answer	Marks
4(a)	Purpose	Document name	2
	Records the hours worked by a production workers	Clock card/time sheet (1)	
	Contains the gross pay, deductions and net pay of all production workers	Wages sheet/Payroll sheet (1)	
4(b)(i)	Gross pay 1 Bonus Employer's national insurance Total labour cost	\$ 580 × \$8 = 12 640 (1) <u> 860</u> 13 500 <u> 1 800</u> 15 300 (1)OF if two elements correct	2
4(b)(ii)	Gross pay Bonus Statutory deductions Voluntary deductions Total net pay	\$ 12 640 (1) <u>860</u> 13 500 (1)OF (2 050) <u>(850)</u> 10 600 (1)OF if two elements correct	2

Question		Answer		Marks						
4(c)	Manufacturing	Midhaven Products Manufacturing Account for the month ended 30 April 2019								
		\$	\$							
	Opening inventory of raw materials	5 900								
	Purchases of raw materials	20 250								
	Carriage on raw materials	<u>1 900</u> (1)								
		28 050								
	Closing inventory of raw materials	<u>(6 300)</u>								
	Cost of raw materials consumed		21 750 (1)							
	Production wages		15 300 (1)	DF						
	Direct factory expenses		<u>4 000</u> (1)							
	Prime cost		41 050 (1) 0	DF + W						
	Overheads									
	Depreciation on factory machinery	9 000 (1)								
	Rent	27 000 (1)								
	Indirect factory expenses	4 200 (1)								
	Factory management salaries	31 000								
	Insurance	3 450 (1)								

Question		Answer		Marks
4(c)	General expenses	<u>4 800</u> (1)		
			<u>79450</u>	
			120 500 (1)OF	
	Work in progress – Opening	19 700		
	Closing	<u>(20 350)</u>	<u>(650)</u> (1)	
	Cost of production (1)		<u>119 850</u> (1)OF	

Question	Αι	nswer		Marks						
5(a)		Marcel and Naomi Income Statement and Appropriation Account for the year ended 30 April 2019								
	Revenue Inventory 1 May 2018 Purchases Returns outwards Inventory 30 April 2019 Cost of sales Gross profit Less expenses: General expenses 18 600 +1 150 Marketing 22 000 (1) Wages and salaries 46 000 – 8 000 Motor vehicle expenses Electricity and water Insurance 6 500 – 2 300 Depreciation: Premises Motor vehicles Fixtures and fittings Increase in Provision for doubtful debts Profit for the year Interest on drawings: Marcel Naomi	\$ 31 300 184 000 (17 500) 197 800(1) (36 400) 19 750(1) 38 000(1) 17 450(1) 10 650(1) 4 200(1) 18 000(1) 18 000(1) 10 400(1) <u>1 200(1)</u> <u>500(1)</u> <u>600(1)</u>	\$ 328 000 (161 400)(1) 166 600(1)OF (143 450) 23 150							
	Interest on capital: Marcel Naomi	(3 200) (1) <u>(2 400)</u> (1) (5 600)	<u>1 100</u> 24 250							

	L					FUD	LISHED					
Question							Answer					Mark
5(a)	Salary Share Marce Naom		(8 000)(1) (13 600) 10 650 6 390(1) OF <u>4 260</u> (1) OF <u>10 650</u>									
5(b)						Curre	ent accour	nts				
	Date	Details	Marcel		Naomi		Date	Details	Marcel	Naomi		
	2019		\$		\$		2018		\$	\$		
	April 30	Drawings interest	500		600	(1)OF	May 1	Balance b/d	300	5 100		
		Drawings	10 000		12 000	(1)	2019 April 30	Interest on capital	3 200	2 400	(1)OF	
		Wages and salaries	8 000	(1)				Salary	8 000			
								Profit share	6 390	4 260	(1)OF	
								Balance c/d	610	840		
			<u>18 500</u>		<u>12 600</u>				<u>18 500</u>	<u>12 600</u>		
	May 1	Balance b/d	610		840	(1)OF						
		1	Ma	ark av	warded f	or both	entries o	of Marcel and Na	omi	-		

Question		Ansv			Marks
5(c)	Marcel and Naomi Statement of Financial Position at 30 April 2019				14
	5		Accumulated	Net book	
		Cost	Depreciation	value	
	Non-current assets	\$	\$	\$	
	Premises	90 000	39 800	50 200 (1)OF	
	Motor vehicles	80 000	26 000	54 000 (1)OF	
	Fixtures and fittings	<u>52 000</u> 222 000	<u>33 400</u> <u>99 200</u>	<u>18 600</u> (1)OF 122 800	
	Current assets	<u>000</u>	<u>00200</u>	122 000	
	Inventory		36 400 (1)		
	Trade receivables	36 000	(1)		
	Less Provision for doubtful debts	<u>(1 800)</u>	(1)OF		
			34 200		
	Other receivables		<u>2 300</u> (1)OF	<u>72 900</u>	
	Total assets			<u>195 700</u>	
	Capital and Liabilities				
	Capital:		80 000		
	Marcel Naomi		60 000		
	Ndom		00000	140 000 (1)	
	Current accounts:				
	Marcel		(610)		
	Naomi		<u>(840)</u>		
				<u>(1 450)</u> (1)OF	
	Current liabilities				
	Trade payables (27 500 (1) – 1 300 (1))	26 200		
	Other payables	• ·	1 150 (1)OF		
	Bank overdraft (28 500 (1) + 1 300 (1))	<u>29 800</u>		
	Total liabilities			<u>57 150</u> <u>195 700</u>	
				100100	