
COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/31

Paper 3 Written Paper

May/June 2019

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **8** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

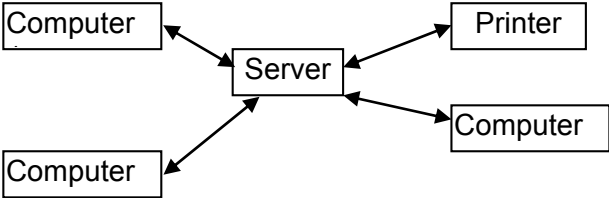
GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	<p>2 marks for working shown 1 mark for the correct answer</p> <p>Working:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Correct calculation of <u>negative</u> value (any method) (= -0.11010001101) • Correctly moving the binary point 7 places (= -01101000.1101) // Exponent 7 <p>Answer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • -104.8125 // $-104\frac{13}{16}$ 	3
1(b)	<p>2 marks for working shown 1 mark for the correct answer</p> <p>Working:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Correct conversion to binary (01.1001) • Correct calculation of exponent (1) <p>Answer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (Mantissa) 0110 0100 0000 (Exponent) 0001 	3
1(c)(i)	<p>1 mark per bullet point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mantissa = 0111 1111 1111 • Exponent = 0111 	2
1(c)(ii)	<p>1 mark per bullet point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mantissa = 0100 0000 0000 • Exponent = 1000 	2
1(d)	<p>1 mark per bullet point to max 3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The trade-off is between range and precision • Any increase in the number of bits for the mantissa, means fewer bits available for the exponent // Any decrease in the number of bits for the mantissa, means more bits available for the exponent • More bits used for the mantissa will result in better precision • More bits used for the exponent will result in a larger range of numbers • Fewer bits used for the mantissa will result in worse precision • Fewer bits used for the exponent will result in a smaller range of numbers 	3

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	<p>1 mark per bullet point Diagram shows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All four devices labelled and connected directly to the server • And no other device • Two-way flow of data between each device and the server 	3
2(a)(ii)	<p>1 mark per benefit and 1 mark for a further explanation in context to max 2 (x2) For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal data (used by admissions department) is kept secure • ... transmissions only go between server and destination • A new device/employee can be easily added to the network • ...only one connection direct to server needs setting up • If one node or link fails • ... the other employees can continue working / the rest of network is unaffected • If the department has a range of different devices • ... they can all operate at different speeds or with different protocols 	4
2(b)	<p>1 mark per bullet point (max 3)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier Sense Multiple Access (with) Collision Detection • Before transmitting a device checks if the channel is busy • If it is busy the device waits // if channel free data is sent • When transmission begins the device listens for other devices also beginning transmission • If there is a collision, transmission is aborted / transmitting a jam signal • Both devices wait a (different) random time, then try again 	3
2(c)(i)	<p>1 mark per bullet point (max 2)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allows (internal) connections between the university LANs • Allows <u>external</u> connection from the main LAN 	2
2(c)(ii)	<p>1 mark per bullet point (max 2)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides device with a <u>MAC address</u> • ...to uniquely identify it on the network • Allows each individual device to connect to the network 	2
2(c)(iii)	<p>1 mark per bullet (max 2)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allowing devices to connect to the LAN via radio communication • ... instead of using a cable • ... easy to move a device to as different location 	2

Question	Answer	Marks																									
3(a)	NOR	1																									
3(b)(i)	<p>1 mark for X column, 1 mark for Y column</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>Working Space</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	Working Space	X	Y	0	0		0	0	0	1		0	1	1	0		0	1	1	1		1	0	2
A	B	Working Space	X	Y																							
0	0		0	0																							
0	1		0	1																							
1	0		0	1																							
1	1		1	0																							
3(b)(ii)	Half adder	1																									
3(b)(iii)	<p>1 mark per bullet</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> X is (used for) <u>carry</u> Y is (used for) <u>sum</u> 	2																									
3(c)	<p>1 mark per bullet for working (max 4)</p> $\overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}CD + \overline{A}B\overline{C}\overline{D}$ $= \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}CD + \overline{A}B\overline{C}\overline{D}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adding in a second copy of the first term (Use of Idempotent Law) $= \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}CD + \overline{A}B\overline{C}\overline{D}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Taking $\overline{A}\overline{B}$ and $\overline{A}\overline{C}\overline{D}$ outside brackets (Associative Law) $= \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}CD + \overline{A}B\overline{C}\overline{D}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grouping $\overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}CD$ (Associative Law and Commutative Law) $= \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}CD + \overline{A}B\overline{C}\overline{D}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replacing $(D + \overline{D})$ with 1 and replacing $(\overline{C} + C)$ with 1 (Use of Complement Law) $= \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}CD + \overline{A}B\overline{C}\overline{D}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reducing first four terms to $\overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D}$ and reducing last two terms to $\overline{A}\overline{C}\overline{D}$ (Use of Identity Law) <p>1 mark for correct answer</p> $= \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{C}\overline{D}$	5																									

Question	Answer	Marks																											
4(a)	<p>1 mark for 2 correct rows, 2 marks for 3 correct rows, 3 marks for 4 correct rows</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="339 349 1289 801"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="339 349 627 412" rowspan="2">Symbol</th> <th colspan="2" data-bbox="627 349 1289 412">Token</th> </tr> <tr> <th data-bbox="627 412 911 474">Value</th> <th data-bbox="911 412 1289 474">Type</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="339 474 627 537">Counter</td> <td data-bbox="627 474 911 537">60</td> <td data-bbox="911 474 1289 537">Variable</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="339 537 627 600">0</td> <td data-bbox="627 537 911 600">61</td> <td data-bbox="911 537 1289 600">Constant</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="339 600 627 663">Password</td> <td data-bbox="627 600 911 663">62</td> <td data-bbox="911 600 1289 663">Variable</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="339 663 627 725">"Cambridge"</td> <td data-bbox="627 663 911 725">63</td> <td data-bbox="911 663 1289 725">Constant</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="339 725 627 788">1</td> <td data-bbox="627 725 911 788">64</td> <td data-bbox="911 725 1289 788">Constant</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Symbol	Token		Value	Type	Counter	60	Variable	0	61	Constant	Password	62	Variable	"Cambridge"	63	Constant	1	64	Constant	3							
Symbol	Token																												
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Password	62	Variable																											
"Cambridge"	63	Constant																											
1	64	Constant																											
4(b)	<table border="1" data-bbox="319 853 472 918"> <tr> <td>60</td> <td>01</td> </tr> </table> <p>First two cells given in question.</p> <p>1 mark for next 3 cells</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="319 1019 547 1084"> <tr> <td>61</td> <td>51</td> <td>62</td> </tr> </table> <p>1 mark for the remainder</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="319 1187 1153 1373"> <tr> <td>4E</td> <td>4A</td> <td>62</td> <td>04</td> <td>63</td> <td>4B</td> <td>51</td> <td>62</td> <td>4C</td> <td>60</td> <td>....</td> </tr> <tr> <td>....</td> <td>01</td> <td>60</td> <td>02</td> <td>64</td> <td>4F</td> <td>62</td> <td>03</td> <td>63</td> <td>52</td> <td>60</td> </tr> </table>	60	01	61	51	62	4E	4A	62	04	63	4B	51	62	4C	60	01	60	02	64	4F	62	03	63	52	60	2
60	01																												
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4E	4A	62	04	63	4B	51	62	4C	60																			
....	01	60	02	64	4F	62	03	63	52	60																			
4(c)(i)	<p>1 mark per bullet point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Removing the fourth line (LDD 238) ... Changing operand for second ADD from 236 to 238 First three lines and last line unchanged <pre data-bbox="368 1581 496 1742"> LDD 236 ADD 237 STO 236 ADD 238 STO 238 </pre>	3																											
4(c)(ii)	<p>1 mark per bullet point (max 2)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optimisation means that the code will have fewer instructions Optimised code occupies less space in memory Fewer instructions reduces the execution time of the program 	2																											

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	<p>1 mark per bullet point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keys • Cipher text • Manager’s public and private keys in correct spaces • Wiktor’s public and private keys in correct spaces • Plain text <p>Asymmetric encryption uses different keys for encrypting and decrypting data. When Wiktor sends a message to his manager, the message is encrypted into cipher text using his manager’s public key. When the manager receives the message, it is decrypted using her private key.</p> <p>When the manager replies, the message is encrypted using Wiktor’s public key, and when Wiktor receives the message, it is decrypted into plain text using his private key.</p>	5
5(b)	<p>1 mark per bullet point (max 6)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Browser requests that the server identifies itself • Server sends a copy of its (Digital) Certificate • ... containing its public key • Browser checks the certificate • ... against a list of trusted Certificate Authorities • If the browser trusts the certificate • ... a symmetric session key is created • ... this is (by the browser) encrypted using the server’s public key and sent to the server • Server decrypts the symmetric session key • ... using its private key • Server and browser now encrypt all transmitted data with the session key 	6
5(c)	<p>1 mark for type of malware and 1 mark for prevention, max 2 (x 2)</p> <p>For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Virus • Have company policies to ensure that anti-virus software is installed, regularly updated and run • Spyware • Have company policies to ensure that anti-spyware software is installed, regularly updated and run • Phishing • Have network policies to ensure that the firewall criteria include SPAM filters, whitelist, blacklist etc. 	4

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	<p>1 mark per bullet point (max 3)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To ensure that the system operates within the given criteria • By enabling system output to affect subsequent system inputs • Thus enabling the system to <u>automatically</u> adjust conditions • Suitable example of feedback 	3
6(b)	<p>1 mark per bullet point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensors <u>continually</u> measure the temperature of the <u>water</u> in the swimming pool • The (stream of) readings are sent to a processor and compared with 28 degrees • If the reading is out of range (by a system set amount) then actuators turn the heater/cooler on or off as necessary • Feedback ensures that the water temperature remains close to 28 degrees 	4
6(c)	<p>1 mark for example of monitoring system, max 2 for explanation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Suitable example identified • Use of data captured • No feedback as there is no output that could change the system environment <p>For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitoring the rainfall • The amount of rainfall collected over a specific time is measured • There is no output to change the level of rainfall <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security camera • Sending pictures to control room • No changes made to environment by system 	3