

## **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS 0580/22

Paper 2 (Extended)

October/November 2019

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 70

#### **Published**

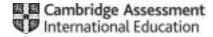
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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This document consists of 6 printed pages.



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# Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

## Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
  is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
  referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
  features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
  meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

# **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

## **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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# **Abbreviations**

cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	6.8	1	
2	7.6[0] or 7.604 to 7.605	1	
3	$a^4 + 3a$ final answer	1	
4	Å	1	
5(a)	23	1	
5(b)	One extreme value oe	1	
6	135	2	M1 for $\frac{12}{12+7+9+4}[\times 360]$ or $\frac{360}{12+7+9+4}[\times 12]$ oe
7	440 or 440.2 to 440.3	2	<b>M1</b> for 30 000 ÷ 68.14
8	282	2	<b>M1</b> for 180 + 102 or 360 – (180 – 102)
9	x < -10 final answer	2	<b>M1</b> for $-12 - 13 > 3x - \frac{x}{2}$ oe
10	67.7 – 6.7 oe	M1	
	$\frac{61}{90}$	A1	If 0 scored, <b>SC1</b> for $\frac{k}{90}$

Question	Answer		Marks	Partial Marks
11	$\frac{29}{8}$ or $\frac{5}{3}$	$2\frac{5}{8} - \frac{2}{3}$	M1	Allow $\frac{29k}{8k}$ or $\frac{5k}{3k}$ Correct step for dealing with mixed numbers
	$\frac{87}{24}$ and $\frac{40}{24}$	$[2]\frac{15}{24}$ and $\frac{16}{24}$	M1	Correct method to find common denominator e.g. $3\frac{15}{24}$ and $1\frac{16}{24}$
	$1\frac{23}{24}$ cao		A1	
12	90		3	<b>M2</b> for $360 \div (180 - 176)$ oe or <b>M1</b> for $180(n-2) = 176n$ oe or $180 - 176$
13	352		3	B2 for figs 352 or M1 for $\left(\frac{75}{30}\right)^3$ oe or $\left(\frac{30}{75}\right)^3$ oe OR M2 for $5.5 \times \left(\frac{30}{75}\right)^3 \times 1000$
14	Gradient = $\frac{5}{4}$ oe		M1	M marks can be in any order
	$y = k - \frac{4}{5}x$ oe and g	radient = $-\frac{4}{5}$ oe	M1	
	Use of product of gra	dients is -1 oe	M1	
15(a)	2.45x + 3.15y final answer		2	<b>B1</b> for one correct term in final answer If 0 scored, <b>SC1</b> for $245x + 315y$
15(b)	13		2	<b>M1</b> for $60.55 - 2.45 \times 8$ oe
16	y = 5 ruled y = x + 1 ruled Correct region indicated		4	B2 for two correct lines or B1 for one correct line  B2 for indication of correct region or B1 for shading that satisfies two of the inequalities

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
17	Bisector of angle <i>Q</i> accurate with two pairs of correct arcs and  Arc centre <i>R</i> , radius 6.5 cm  With bird table correctly indicated or implied by correct intersecting constructions	4	<ul> <li>M2 for bisector of angle Q accurate with two pairs of correct arcs or M1 for accurate bisector with no/wrong arcs</li> <li>M2 for arc centre R, radius 6.5 cm or M1 for arc centre R</li> <li>Maximum 3 marks if incorrect position/region is labelled, or there is no label and a region is shaded, or their constructions do not intersect</li> </ul>
18(a)	0.3 oe	2	<b>M1</b> for $0.4 \times 0.75$
18(b)	0.975 oe	2	M1 for $1 - 0.4 \times 0.25 \times 0.25$ oe or $0.6 + 0.4 \times 0.75 + 0.4 \times 0.25 \times 0.75$ or $0.6 + their$ (a) $+ 0.4 \times 0.25 \times 0.75$
19(a)	180 - 4x	1	
19(b)	90-2x	1	FT their (a) $\div$ 2 in its simplest form dep on expression in $x$ in (a)
19(c)	90 + x	2	FT $180 - their$ (b) $-x$ oe dep on expression in $x$ in (b) then fully simplified M1 for $180 - (90 - 2x + x)$ oe or $180 - their$ (b) $-x$ oe dep on expression in $x$ in (b)
20(a)	(3y + 2x)(6 - a) oe final answer	2	M1 for $3y (6-a) + 2x(6-a)$ oe or $6(2x+3y) - a(2x+3y)$ oe
20(b)	3(x+4y)(x-4y) final answer	3	M2 for $(3x + 12y)(x - 4y)$ or $(3x - 12y)(x + 4y)$ or M1 for $3(x^2 - 16y^2)$ or for $(x + 4y)(x - 4y)$
21(a)	6	2	<b>B1</b> for $3^4$ or $3^{x-2}$ or <b>M1</b> for $3^x = 81 \times 3^2$ or better
21(b)	8	3	M2 for $x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 32$ or better or M1 for $\frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{32}{x^2}$ or better or $x^{-\frac{1}{3}-2} = 32$ or better
22(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 17 \\ 10 & -25 \end{pmatrix}$	2	<b>B1</b> for 2 correct elements

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
22(b)	2	2	<b>M1</b> for $-3 - 5k = -13$ oe
22(c)	$\frac{1}{10} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ oe isw}$	2	M1 for $k \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ or for det = 10 or soi
23(a)	Tangent ruled at $t = 24$	B1	
	-0.7 to $-0.3$	B2	B2 dep on correct tangent or close attempt at tangent  M1 for rise/run also dep on correct tangent drawn or close attempt at tangent.  Must see correct or implied calculation from a drawn tangent.
23(b)	acceleration or deceleration oe	1	
23(c)	68	2	<b>M1</b> for $(22-5) \times 4$